

If Q. Computers are so great, why haven't we built one?

Errors - unwanted gates/measurements

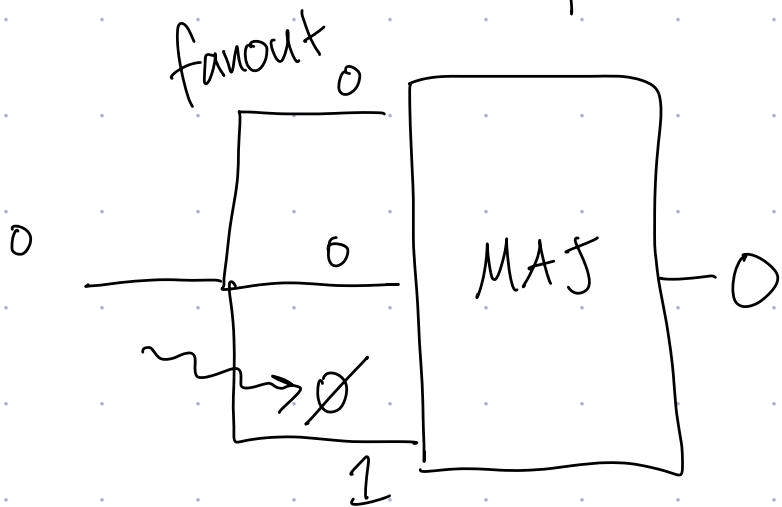
- Classical Computers

- Cosmic rays

"soft errors"

- ↳ 1 bit flip / 4 GB per day

Solution: Repetition Code



- Sources of Quantum Errors
 - control lasers not perfect
(shape, frequency, focus, intensity)
 - imperfect vacuum
 - Stray magnetic, electric fields
 - Heat (anomalous heating)

Why won't repetition code work for quantum?

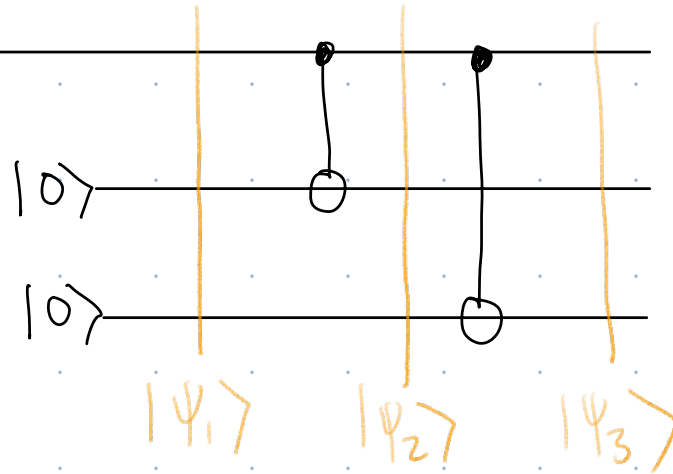
- A) MAJ not reversible
- B) Doesn't correct phase errors (Z)
- C) No fanout because can't copy quantum states
- D) There are uncountably infinitely many errors to deal with

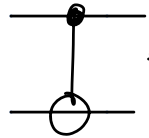
Shor's Repetition Code

Encoding:

$$|\psi\rangle = a|0\rangle + b|1\rangle$$

↑
original state
to protect from
errors. Don't
know a, b



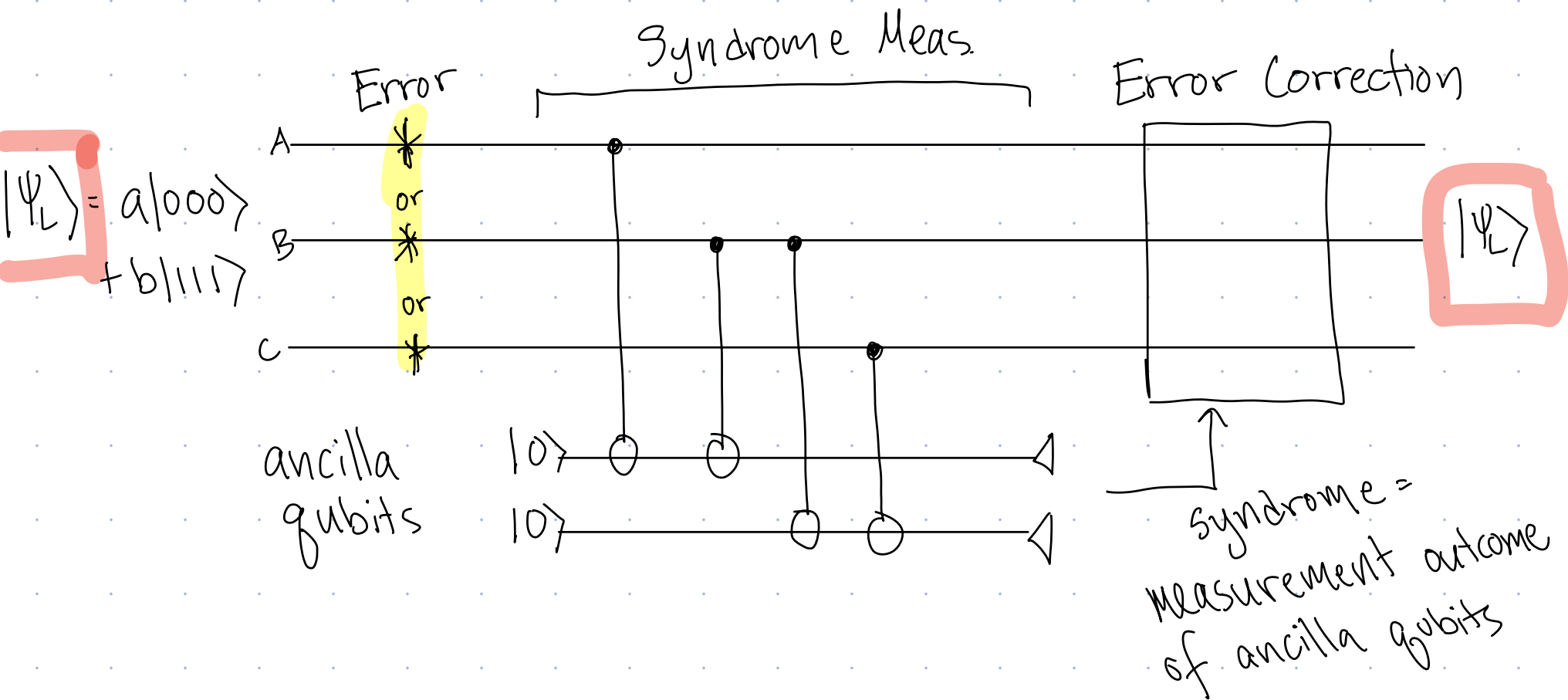
A  = CNOT
B If $A = |1\rangle$,
 $\rightarrow X B$

$$|\psi_1\rangle = (a|0\rangle + b|1\rangle) |0\rangle |0\rangle = a|000\rangle + b|100\rangle$$

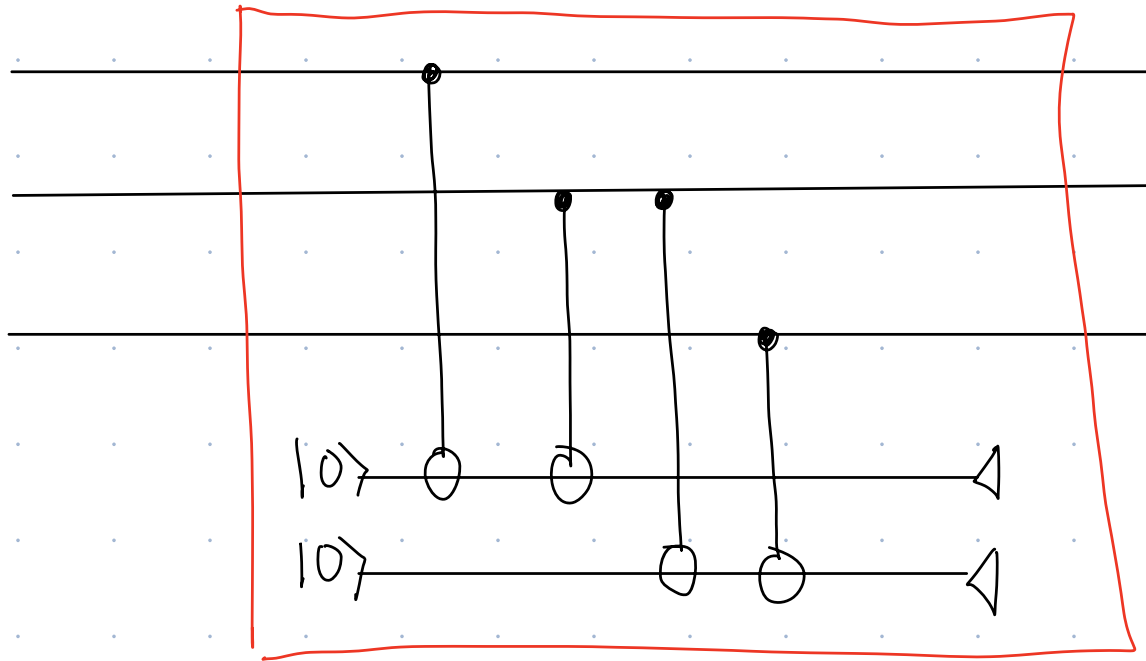
$$\begin{aligned} |\psi_2\rangle &= a \text{CNOT}_{12} |000\rangle + b \text{CNOT}_{12} |100\rangle \\ &= a|000\rangle + b|110\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\psi_3\rangle &= a \text{CNOT}_{13} |000\rangle + b \text{CNOT}_{13} |110\rangle \\ &= a|000\rangle + b|111\rangle \end{aligned}$$

Error Correction Circuit

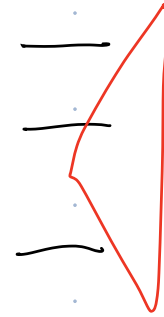


Syndrome Meas.



Projective Meas.

22



Projective Measurement

Described by a set of projectors $M = \{P_0, P_1, P_2, \dots\}$

ex: $P_0 = |\phi_1\rangle\langle\phi_1| + |\phi_4\rangle\langle\phi_4|$

$$P_1 = |\phi_3\rangle\langle\phi_3|$$

$$P_2 = |\phi_2\rangle\langle\phi_2| + |\phi_5\rangle\langle\phi_5| + |\phi_6\rangle\langle\phi_6|$$

$|\phi\rangle\langle\phi|$ write as $|\phi\rangle\langle\phi|$

- $|\phi_i\rangle$ should be N -dimensional, where N is dim. of system being measured

- Technical $\sum P_i = I$

If measure $|\psi\rangle$

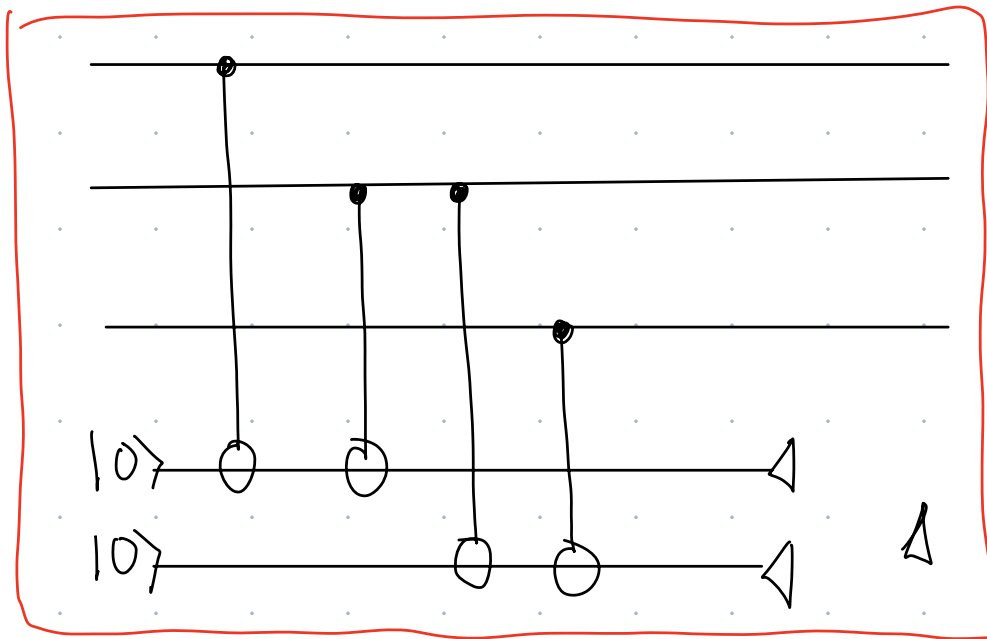
→ Probability of outcome P_i :

$$\langle\psi|P_i|\psi\rangle$$

→ If outcome i : collapse to

$$P_i|\psi\rangle$$

$$\Pr(i = \psi|P_i|\psi)$$



$$M \approx \left\{ \begin{aligned} &|000\rangle\langle 000| + |111\rangle\langle 111|, \\ &|001\rangle\langle 001| + |110\rangle\langle 110|, \\ &|010\rangle\langle 010| + |101\rangle\langle 101|, \\ &|100\rangle\langle 100| + |011\rangle\langle 011| \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$\nwarrow P_0$
 $\nwarrow P_1$
 $\nwarrow P_2$
 $\uparrow P_3$

$$\langle \psi | P | \psi \rangle$$

If measure $|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}|000\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{2}{6}}|001\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{3}{6}}|110\rangle$ with M , which outcomes are possible?

- A) P_0
- B) P_1
- C) P_2
- D) P_3