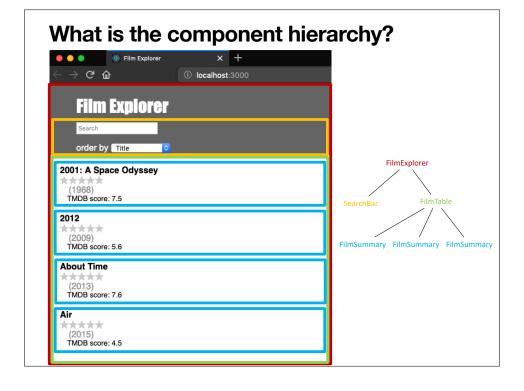
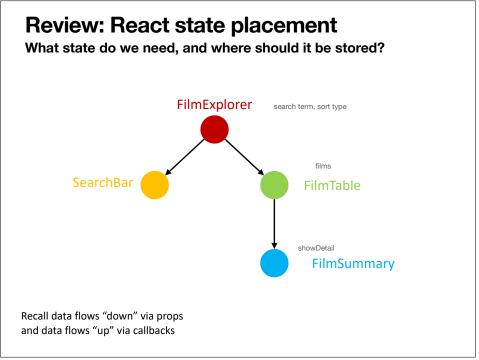
CS 312 Software Development Designing in React

Recall: "Thinking in React"

- 1. Break the UI into a component hierarchy
- 2. Build a static version in React
- 3. Identify the minimal (but complete) representation of state
- 4. Identify where your state should live
- Add "inverse" data flow (data flows down, callbacks flow up)

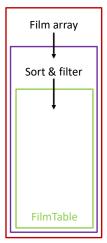
https://reactjs.org/docs/thinking-in-react.html





Container components: Separating logic from UI

FilmExplorer



Separation of Concerns:

- Container Component (CC): Concerned with how the application works, i.e. implements logic
- Presentation Component (PC):
 Concerned with how the application looks. Typically generates DOM.

"Remember, components don't have to emit DOM. They only need to provide composition boundaries between UI concerns." Dan Abramov

FilmContainer FilmContainer Modify state in parent via callback passed to FilmSummary FilmSummary FilmDetail

Working with React

Conditional rendering

Some common conditional patterns:

```
{boolean && <Component ... />} {boolean ? <Component1 ... /> : <Component2 ... />}
```

Working with React

Sequences

"Keys help React identify which items have changed, are added, or are removed. Keys should be given to the elements inside the array to give the elements a stable identity. Most often you would use IDs from your data as keys" -ReactJS Docs

Working with React

Mutating data

What might go wrong with this code?

```
const [films, setFilms] = useState([]);
...
const setRating = (filmid, rating) => {
  const index = films.findIndex((film) => film.id === filmid);
  films[index].rating = rating;
  setFilms(films);
}

films is the same object — this may not
  trigger a re-render since it doesn't
```

Don't mutate state or props objects!

appear anything has changed

Working with React

Don't mutate, make copies

```
map() creates a new array
```

```
const setRating = (filmid, rating) => {
  const newFilms = films.map((film) => {
    if (film.id === filmid) {
        // or return Object.assign({}, film, { rating: rating});
        return { ...film, rating };
    }
    return film;
});
setFilms(newFilms);
}
creates a new object instead of mutating it
```