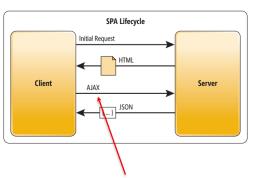
Obtaining data for our application

```
import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';
import { List } from 'immutable';
import filmData from './films.json';
import FilmTableContainer from './components/
FilmTableContainer';
import SearchBar from './components/SearchBar';

function FilmExplorer() {
  const [searchTerm, setSearchTerm] = useState('');
  const [sortType, setSortType] = useState('title');
  const [films, setFilms] = useState(List());

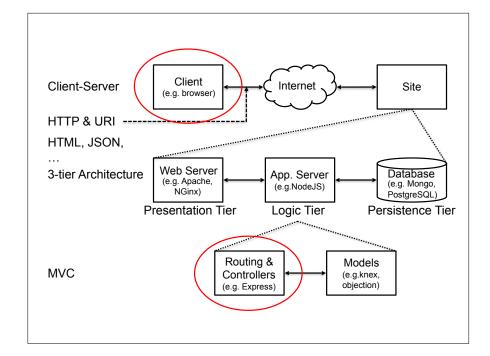
// load the film data
  useEffect(()=>{
    setFilms(List(filmData));
  }, []);
```

Obtaining data for our application



We will use window.fetch to obtain data asynchronously

Wasson, Microsoft



HTTP (and URLs)

HTTP request includes: a method, URI, protocol version and headers



HTTP response includes: Protocol version and status code, headers, and body

2** OK

3** Resource moved
4** Forbidden

5** Error

HTTP methods (verbs)

Method	Typical Use	
GET	Request a resource. Form fields can be sent as the query parameters.	
HEAD	Similar to GET, but for just the response headers	
POST	Send data to the server. Unlike GET, the data is transmitted in the request body. Action is up to server, but often creates a subordinate resource. The response may be a new resource, or just a status code.	
PUT	Similar to POST, expect that PUT is intended to create or modify the resource at the specified URL, while POST creates or updates a subordinate resource.	
DELETE	Delete the specified resource	
PATCH	Partial replacement of a resource, as opposed to PUT which specifies complete replacement.	

REST (Representational State Transfer)

- An architectural style (rather than a standard)
 - 1. API expressed as *actions* on specific *resources*
 - 2. Use HTTP *verb*s as actions (in line with meaning in spec.)
 - 3. Responses can include hyperlinks to discover additional RESTful resources (HATEOAS)
- A RESTful API uses this approach (more formally, observes 6 constraints in R. Fielding's 2000 thesis)
- "a post hoc [after the fact] description of the features that made the Web successful"*

*Rosenberg and Mateos, "The Cloud at Your Service" 201

Film Explorer API

Route		Controller Action
GET	/api/films	List (read) all films
GET	/api/films/:id	Read data from films with id == :id
PUT	/api/films/:id	Update film with id == :id from request data

\$ curl http://basin.cs.middlebury.edu:5042/api/films/340382

*("id":340382, "overview":"The film follows the story started in
the first Attack on Titan live-action film.",
"release_date":"2015-09-19", "poster_path":"/
aCIGltjNHbLP2GnlaW33SXC95Si.jpg", "title":"Attack on Titan: End of
the World", "vote_average":4.2, "rating":5, "genres":[{"id":
18,"filmId":340382},{"id":14,"filmId":340382},{"id":28,"filmId":
340382},{"id":878,"filmId":340382}], "genre ids":[18,14,28,878]}

CRUD(L) on a RESTful resource

Resource and "action"

		1	
Route		Controller Action	
POST	/api/films	Create new film from request data	C
GET	/api/films/:id	Read data of film with id == :id	R
PUT	/api/films/:id	Update film with id == :id from request data	U
DELETE /api/films/:id		Delete film with id == :id	D
GET	/api/films	List (read) all films	L
-		1	

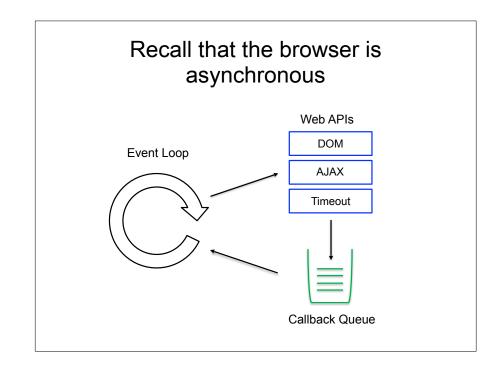
A "route" maps <HTTP method, URL> to a controller action

Other features of REST APIs

- Resources can be nested
 GET /courses/3971/assignments/43746

 Assignment 0 in CS101 S19 on Canvas
- Think broadly about what is a resource
 GET /films/search?q=Jurassic
 Resource is a "search result list" matching query
 GET /films/34082/edit

Resource is a form for updating film 34082 (form submit launches POST/PUT request)



A common action is to set state A common action is to set state async actions Promise Inten(onFulfillment) return Promise Inten(onRejection) Catch(onRejection) The "next" promise will be fulfilled with the result of the then handler MDN

Promise vs. callbacks

```
someAsyncOperation(someParams, (result, error) =>
    // Do something with the result or error
    newAsyncOperation(newParams, (result, error) => {
        // Do something more...
    });
});

Flatten nested structure into a chain:
someAsyncOperation(someParams).then((result) => {
        // Do something with the result
        return newAsyncOperation(newParams);
}).then((result) => {
        // Do something more
}).catch((error) => {        // Handle error});
```

Obtaining film data in Film Explorer

Response object with status,

```
headers, and response body

fetch('/api/films/')
    .then((response) => {
        if (!response.ok) {
            throw new Error(response.statusText);
        }
        return response.json(); Parse and return response as
    })
    .then((data) => {
        setFilms(data);
    })
    .catch(err => console.log(err));
```

```
const prom1 = fetch('/api/films/')
const prom2 = prom1.then((response) => {
 return response.json();
prom2.then((data) => {
  setFilms(data);
// Do something after
                                      prom2
   prom1
                                                     Execute
                Fetch data in
                                        Pending
  Pending
                                                     // Do something after
                background
        response
                                                      Parse JSON in
            Execute
                                      → Pending
   Fulfilled
                                                      background
                                                data
                                        Fulfilled
                                                    Execute
                                                    setFilms({ ... })
```